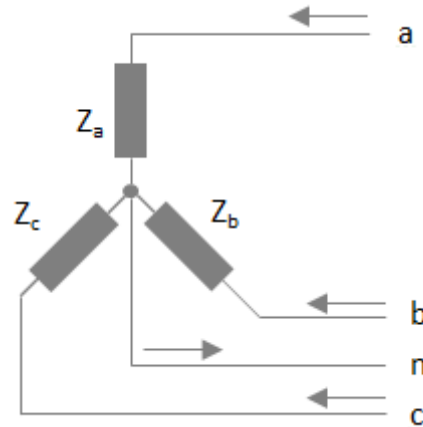


Unbalanced Three-Phase Wye-Connected Load

An unbalanced 3-phase Wye-connected load is connected to a balanced 3-phase four-wire source. The load impedances and line voltage are known.



This application calculates the currents in the system, and the total power drawn by the load.

Impedances and Lined Voltage

$$Z_a := 100 \cdot e^{1i \cdot 50.0 \text{ deg}} \text{ ohm} = (64.279 + 76.604i) \Omega$$

$$Z_b := 150 \cdot e^{-1i \cdot 140.0 \text{ deg}} \text{ ohm} = (-114.907 - 96.418i) \Omega$$

$$Z_c := 50 \cdot e^{-1i \cdot 100.0 \text{ deg}} \text{ ohm} = (-8.682 - 49.240i) \Omega$$

$$V_{ab} := 13.8 \text{ kV}$$

Amplitude and Phase of Voltages

$$V_{an} := \frac{V_{ab}}{\sqrt{3}} = 7.967 \text{ kV}$$

$$V_{bn} := V_{an} \cdot e^{1i \cdot 240 \text{ deg}} = (-3.984 - 6.900i) \text{ kV}$$

$$V_{cn} := V_{an} \cdot e^{1i \cdot 120 \text{ deg}} = (-3.984 + 6.900i) \text{ kV}$$

$$|V_{an}| = 7.967 \text{ kV}$$

$$|V_{bn}| = 7.967 \text{ kV}$$

$$|V_{cn}| = 7.967 \text{ kV}$$

$$\text{argument}(V_{an}) = 0.$$

$$\text{argument}(V_{bn}) = -2.094$$

$$\text{argument}(V_{cn}) = 2.094$$

Line Currents

$$I_a := \frac{V_{an}}{Z_a} = (51.214 - 61.034i) \text{ A}$$

$$I_b := \frac{V_{bn}}{Z_b} = (49.913 + 18.167i) \text{ A}$$

$$I_c := \frac{V_{cn}}{Z_c} = (-122.068 - 102.427i) \text{ A}$$

$$I_n := I_a + I_b + I_c = (-20.942 - 145.295i) \text{ A}$$

$$|I_a| = 79.674 \text{ A}$$

$$|I_b| = 53.116 \text{ A}$$

$$|I_c| = 159.349 \text{ A}$$

$$|I_n| = 146.796 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{argument}(I_a) = -0.873$$

$$\text{argument}(I_b) = 0.349$$

$$\text{argument}(I_c) = -2.443$$

$$\text{argument}(I_n) = -1.714$$

Power Delivered by Each Phase

$$P_a := \operatorname{Re}(V_{an} \cdot \bar{I}_a) = 4.080 \times 10^5 \text{ W}$$

$$P_b := \operatorname{Re}(V_{bn} \cdot \bar{I}_b) = -3.242 \times 10^5 \text{ W}$$

$$P_c := \operatorname{Re}(V_{cn} \cdot \bar{I}_c) = -2.205 \times 10^5 \text{ W}$$

Total Power Delivered

$$P := P_a + P_b + P_c = -1.366 \times 10^5 \text{ W}$$